

The Crittenden Press

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AN INNOVATION.

The Office of Commonwealth's Attorney to be Abolished.

OTHER CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION MATTERS.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 5.—The convention to day in a committee of the whole decided by a close vote to abolish the office of Commonwealth's Attorney as existing under the present constitution and to place the duties and work of that office upon the County Attorney, under the new constitution this official will continue to be known as that of the Commonwealth's Attorney. This is claimed to be a considerable reduction in expenses to the State. The section as adopted is as follows:

Sec. 1. A Commonwealth's Attorney for each county and Circuit Court Clerk for each county shall be elected, whose term of office shall be six years; also a County Clerk, Surveyor, Coroner and Jailor for each county, whose term of office shall be the same as that of the County Clerk. The compensation of said Commonwealth's Attorney is to be by salary fixed by law, and uniform in so far as the same shall be placed out of the State Treasury; but any county may make additional compensation to be paid by said county.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 26.—Several more important sections on county officials were adopted in the committee of the whole to-day.

Section 4 says the county attorney must be twenty-four years old, and a practicing lawyer for four years before he is eligible.

"Section five was adopted after being amended so as to conform to action abolishing the office of Commonwealth's Attorney, and making the County Attorney, the Prosecuting Attorney and Circuit Court Clerk shall be elected at the same time as the Circuit Judge, the County Attorney, Clerk, Surveyor, Coroner, and Jailor to be elected at the same time and in the same manner as the Judge of the County Court.

"Section 6. A Sheriff shall be elected in each county by the qualified voters thereof, whose term of office shall be four years, and until his successor be qualified; but no Sheriff shall be re-eligible or act as deputy for the succeeding term; nor shall any Deputy Sheriff be eligible to the office of Sheriff for the term next succeeding; the one during which he may have served as such deputy. Provided, however, that the first election of Sheriffs under this Constitution shall be at the regular election in 1892, they hold office for only two years."

"Section 7. A Constable shall be elected in each Justice's district by the qualified voters thereof, at the same time and for the same term as the Sheriff, and shall possess the same qualifications. The jurisdiction of Constables shall be co-extensive with the county in which they may reside.

"Section 10. There shall be elected in each county, at the same time and for the same term that the Judge of the County Court is elected, a County Assessor, who shall have power to appoint such assistants as may be necessary and proper."

Sec. 11. The General Assembly may at any time consolidate the offices of Jailor and Sheriff in any county or counties as they shall deem most expedient; but in the event that such consolidation be made, the office of Sheriff shall be retained, and he shall be required to perform the duties of Jailor."

Pension Money.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Acting Secretary Nettleton to-day issued warrants for the payment of nearly \$20,000,000 on account of pensions. This amount was distributed among the different agencies as follows: Augusta, Me., \$750,000; Columbus, 3,250,000; Concord, N. H., \$750,000; Des Moines, Iowa, \$1,600,000; Troy, \$5,000,000; Indianapolis, \$2,550,000; Knoxville, \$1,300,000; Louisville, 1,000,000; Milwaukee, \$1,550,000; Kansas City, 2,450,000; San Francisco, \$400,000; making in all \$18,000,000, in addition to which \$758,000 were paid out on account of naval pensions.

The requirements for pensions for the quarter ending March 4 next are about \$31,000,000. Including to-day's disbursements, a little over \$21,000,000 has already been applied to that purpose, leaving nearly \$10,000,000 to be met between now and next Thursday. The available cash balance in the Treasury to-day, as stated by the Treasurer, is \$35,000,000; so that there will still be a surplus after paying all these pensions.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Four People Killed and a Score Wounded.

Richmond, Ind., Feb. 25.—A terrible accident occurred on the Richmond division of the Pan Handle railroad at Hagerstown, sixteen miles from the city, at 3:50 o'clock this afternoon, in which three persons were instantly killed and one mortally wounded, and who has since died, two seriously, possibly fatally, and a large number more or less injured. It was the fast train between Chicago and Cincinnati, which was coming down a steep grade into the town, when the frame-work of the engine broke and derailed every car. However, they passed the station and came to the canal bridge, where there is a fifteen foot fall, before the fatality occurred, and where it came near proving even more terrible, as the cars caught fire; but the fire was quickly extinguished.

The smoker first turned on its side, and the day coach and parlor car "Eugenia," the smoking compartment of which contained all the killed, breaking away from the smoking car, but holding on together, rolled over twice in their descent of the embankment. Meanwhile the derailed baggage car had hung to the engine and away beyond the other cars struck a guard at the road crossing, again mounted the track and escaped almost unharmed; but the engine, though holding the rail, was about as badly wrecked as the parlor car and day coach.

KILLED IN THE RING.

A Prize Fight Ends Fatally to one of the Participants.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 5.—In a contest with four ounce gloves at Nelsonville, this morning Dave Seville knocked out Arthur Mejerst and the latter died three hours afterwards from the effect of the blow. The fighting was even up to the eleventh round. Seville struck Mejerst a right hand blow on the cheek, and the latter fell backwards on the ropes. He was carried to his room, and physicians called but the wounded man soon died. Seville and his seconds have been arrested charged with murder.

The Precious Metals.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The Director of the Mint has submitted to Congress a report on the production of the precious metals for the calendar year of 1890. The gold production of the United States was \$1,357,880 fine ounces (Troy) of the value of \$32,845,000, an increase of \$35,000 over the product of the preceding year. The silver product of our own mines approximated \$54,500,000 ounces, corresponding at the average price of silver during the year to \$57,225,000, and at the coming value of silver to \$70,161,045, against a product of \$59,000,000 fine ounces of the commercial value of \$57,750,000 and coming value of \$64,464,464 in the preceding year, an increase of \$4,500,000 fine ounces in the silver product of the United States last year. The silver product of our smelters and refineries was 64,929,927 fine ounces.

The total value of the gold deposited at the mints during the calendar year was \$56,317,103. The total amount of silver offered for sale to the Government during the year was \$8,131,457 fine ounces, and the amount purchased \$7,594,373.75 fine ounces, costing \$39,991,840, the average cost being \$1.06 per fine ounce.

The Director estimates that the gold product of the world for the calendar year 1890 was \$118,490,000, a falling off of \$30,007,000 from 1889, and that the silver product of the world was 130,650,000 fine ounces, an increase of 7,859,375 fine ounces over 1889.

Pension Examiners.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The Commissioner of Pensions has established a new Board of Pension Examining Surgeons, at Kuttawa, Ky., the members of which are Dr. A. P. Champion, J. A. Dinkell and A. D. Purdy.

"There is little in woman's advice, yet, he that won't take it is not overwise," says Cervantes. This proverb is most aptly illustrated in the following item:

During the fall of 1882, while my daughter was teaching in the country near here, she contracted a severe cold and cough. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the effect was so satisfactory that on her recommendation the entire neighborhood began its use, and with the most satisfactory results, which has continued with increasing confidence ever since. J. H. Koinhart, Druggist, Alton, Kan. 50c bottles for sale by Hillyard & Woods.

FRUIT GROWING.

The Best Varieties Adopted to This Section, with the Character Soil Best Suited.

By A. Trained and A. Littleton, Nurseryman.

BY W. A. HIGGINS, CANE CITY, KY.

HON. C. Y. WILSON, Commissioner of Agriculture, etc.

At your solicitation, I submit the following report on fruits. My remarks shall be confined and apply to that portion of Kentucky known as the Green river section, where every variety of fruit indigenous to this latitude grows in perfection:

THE APPLE.

As the apple undoubtedly stands pre-eminently in value at the head of our lists of fruits, I will first notice it briefly. Of this species there are several thousand varieties, but for a succession of apples ten months in the year, we need not go beyond the following varieties (though many others may be added or substituted, that will give just as good results).

Early Summer.—Early Harvest, Red June, Red Astrachan.

Late Summer.—Summer Pearmain, Maiden Blush.

Fall.—Fall Queen, Pennsylvania Red Streak.

Late Fall to Early Winter.—Winter Cheese, Lady Finger, Rome Beauty, Ben Davis.

Late Winter.—Wine Sap, Lansing Burg, Limber Twig, Abram and Shockley. These four latter are not over good in flavor, but for their excellent keeping qualities they cannot be ignored.

Winter apples should be gathered just as soon as they ripen in the fall. For keeping them through the winter there are many methods, such as storing them in ground cellars, etc.; but it is generally considered the one that gives the best results, and causes the fruit to retain the best flavor, is to store where the air is excluded, and the fruit will keep as dry and cool as possible without freezing; though many farmers very successfully keep their apples by burying in the ground, and storing in open sheds or barns, where they take the winter freezing, never disturbing them while frozen.

THE PEACH.

In a financial way, is next to the apple in importance; they are more tender than the apple, and favorable localities are required to make them profitable.

There are a great many varieties, but Amesen's June, Alexander, Waterpoo, Crawford's Early, Crawford's Late, Health, Cling and Free, Oldmixon, Cling and Free, Annie Trice, and Henrietta, are good enough.

THE PEAR.

Among the large fruits, stands in delicateness next to the peach, and were it not for blight, would rank as the most profitable of all our fruit. It is as hardy and about as sure a cropper as the apple. The blight, when it attacks a tree, rarely ever leaves until the tree succumbs.

There are a number of varieties of recent origin that are claimed to be blight-proof, among which are the Keiffer and Le Conte. The fruit of the former is worthless, whilst the tree of the latter are tender and the fruit below medium in quality. The best varieties are Flemish Beauty, Clapp's Favorite, Bartlett, and Seckel.

THE CHERRY.

As a rule, is a short-lived tree. The sour varieties are the most valuable.

THE PLUM.

Is a very valuable fruit, both for home use and for market. The Chickasaw varieties are as hardy as the apple, and are enormously productive. Of this type—the Wild Goose is the best; it is almost free from the attacks of the plum's greatest enemy, the curculio. The plum is a native of this country in many sections of the United States it is found growing wild. It will thrive in as many different soils and climates as any other of our fruits. Salts and animal manure are recommended as excellent fertilizers for the plum.

THE APRICOT.

Is very little known in this section of Kentucky. This may be accounted for by any one or all of the following reasons: The trees bloom out very early in the season, and the fruit is usually killed by the early spring frosts. If any should escape the destruction of the frost, late in the season the curculio comes along and finishes up what the frost has failed to accomplish. The peel of the apricot, like the peach, is covered with a downy coating. It has a seed like the plum. In flavor it equals the peach.

THE NECTARINE.

Is perhaps less known than the apricot. It has the seed and the flavor of the peach, with a smooth skin, like the plum, thereby rendering the fruit an easy prey to the curculio, of which they are very fond. With this I have mentioned the most important of the larger or true fruits. I will pass on to the smaller species.

THE STRAWBERRY.

Is, without question, the most profitable of all the small fruits. Being the earliest fruit that ripens, and possessing an acid that the human system at that time craves, makes it a general favorite. No fruit, within the last quarter of a century, by science and cultivation, has been more improved than the strawberry. There are a great many excellent varieties, but to give a list of the best sorts suitable to any special section, where they have not been tried, would be very difficult, owing to the fact that the plants are so partial to different kinds of soils. A variety that would succeed well planted on one plot, would perhaps utterly fail planted only a few hundred yards away. As it takes a very short while to test the strawberry, the only correct way to ascertain what varieties are best suited to your soil is to try them, retaining such as prove valuable and discarding those that are not.

THE RASPBERRY.

In point of excellence, is second to the strawberry. Ripening a little later than the strawberry, when other fruits are beginning to come in, it is not so popular as the strawberry. Of this fruit there are two species, the red and the black, embracing many varieties of each. The red, on account of their superior flavor and color, are more sought after in the markets than their black cousins, though they are not so hardy. Like the strawberry, it is best to test a few varieties to obtain those best suited to your wants.

THE GOOSEBERRY.

Is one of our most hardy and valuable berries. The greatest, and I might say the only obstacle in its culture, is the miller, and this, to a very great extent, can be obviated by planting in a good dry soil, where the plants will not be obstructed by the shrubs, as air and sunshine are the life of the gooseberry. There are a number of varieties, both foreign and American, all subject to the miller, and their cultivation cannot be recommended. Of the American sorts, the Houghton Seedling, all things considered, is perhaps the most valuable, as the berries are almost entirely exempt from miller, and the plants are exceedingly hardy and are enormously productive. The Downing and Smith's improved are both excellent varieties. The berries are larger and more attractive than the Houghton, but they are more subject to miller, and the plants do not seem to be quite so hardy.

THE CURRANT.

Is a good berry, but it receives no attention in this part of Kentucky.

THE BLACKBERRY.

Is certainly the most reliable and hardy of all our small fruits. Since the beginning of civilization a perpetual war of extermination has been waged against it. Yet it is still here, producing annual crops of its rich, black fruit. While civilization has done so much to destroy the blackberry, it has in turn, done a great deal to improve it, and right royally has responded to generous treatment, for those varieties that have been cultivated for years are as far superior to their wild brothers as a rich, luscious, budded peach is to a seedling.

THE HUCKLEBERRY.

Is as hardy as the gooseberry. It is perfectly exempt from any kind of disease, and does not seem to be partial to any particular soil or situation, but will flourish anywhere. It is an annual bearer of bluish-black fruit. When fully ripe is of sub-acid flavor, and in size not quite so large as the gooseberry. The plant grows about two and one-half feet high, and commences bearing the second year after planting. Notwithstanding their excellence, and the fact that they will flourish and bear anywhere, they are as rare in most parts of this State as a pomegranate or a guava.

THE GRAPE.

Is considered by many the most delicious and most healthful of all our fruits. The introduction of new varieties has been pushed with more energy and perseverance, perhaps, than all other fruits combined, until we now have of American grapes a great number of excellent varieties.

Many new varieties, however, that have also a while as bright as the noonday sun in the firmament, have finally gone down behind a cloud of oblivion. Notwithstanding the great vigor and energy that have been displayed in originating and introducing new varieties to the public, there have been none yet sent out that are superior for general cultivation to the old Concord. It is one of the oldest reliable American grapes, and nearly all of the most valuable varieties that have to light since its origin are its descendants. Had you asked a quarter of a century ago some well informed grape-grower, who was not interested in pushing to the front some new favorite, what grape he deemed the most valuable for general cultivation, you would have been told "The Concord." Ask the same question of a similar person to-day, and you will receive for answer "The Concord."

Next to it, for general cultivation stands the Ives Seedling, followed by the Norton's Virginia. No one would dare say that these three varieties are superior in quality, for such is not the case; but, on the other hand, they are inferior in point of flavor to many other varieties; but the simple fact is they are good enough, and we can have them in abundance, when other varieties, under the same treatment, would utterly fail.

Soil, pruning, and culture I have not noticed under the headings of the various species of fruit mentioned in this article. Had I attempted to name the best character of soils, with the best mode of culture and the best system of pruning adapted to the several species, it would have been misleading, because different varieties of the same fruit require different soil and cultivation. For instance, in apples, the Summer Pearmain requires rich soil to perfect good fruit, while the Winter Pearmain requires thin soil. Nor does the Winter Pearmain need the same amount of culture to make it flourish that the Summer Pearmain does. Then again, the system of pruning required for those varieties that form low spreading heads, would be death to those varieties that form pyramidal-shaped heads. In regard to soil, it is safe to say that the apple will flourish in a moderately rich, dry, warm soil.

The peach delights in rich, mellow soil, with an admixture of sand. The pear needs deep, rich, loamy soil, with a plenty of lime and ashes. The cherry wants a warm, dry soil, not overly rich. Apples and nectarines require the same soil that the peach does. The plum is at home in strong clay soil. The different varieties of strawberries require a greater variety of soils than any other fruit, but generally they will flourish on a moderately rich soil. The raspberry does best on a rich loam, with an admixture of sand. The blackberry is a good feeder, and needs rich soil. The gooseberry also demands a rich soil. The currant does not need so rich a soil as the gooseberry.

The most valuable jewels in the National museum, in Washington; D. C., are the relics of our great men, near the entrance, says the Jewelers' Weekly. These are worth tens of thousands of dollars in intrinsic value of the gold and jewels of which they are made, to say nothing of the workmanship. There are swords by the dozen set with diamonds, guns inlaid with precious stones, and canes which have heads of gold, in which gems are embedded. A guard is detailed to watch them night and day. Each case has a burglar alarm connected with it, and the least meddling would set an electric bell ringing and call the museum army together.

UNCLE SAM'S JEWELS.

Deposited in the National Museum and Guarded Night and Day.

The most valuable jewels in the National museum, in Washington; D. C., are the relics of our great men, near the entrance, says the Jewelers' Weekly. These are worth tens of thousands of dollars in intrinsic value of the gold and jewels of which they are made, to say nothing of the workmanship. There are swords by the dozen set with diamonds, guns inlaid with precious stones, and canes which have heads of gold, in which gems are embedded. A guard is detailed to watch them night and day. Each case has a burglar alarm connected with it, and the least meddling would set an electric bell ringing and call the museum army together.

The Grant collection is one. It is made up of hundreds of gold articles exquisitely engraved, and brought from all parts of the world; of rare stones, of china, more valuable than though it were solid gold and of other articles which, if melted down would fully pay the President's salary for a year or more.

In one case there is a complete collection of gold and silver coins of Japan, which has a wonderful numismatic value, as it is the only complete set in existence, except one in the Japanese Treasury. Some of the gold coins are a quarter of an inch thick and as large as a round at the top of a dinner pill. Seven of them cost \$5,000, and there are perhaps 100 in the collection.

In another case there are half a dozen large elephant tusks which the King of Siam gave to Gen.

Grant, and also six pieces of costly jade given him by one of the princes of China. All the swords presented to him are there, and many of them have diamonds set in the hilts. The sword given to Gen. Grant by the Sanitary Fair of New York has a solid gold head, representing the Goddess of Liberty, which has two rubies, two diamonds and two sapphires set in it. The sword of Chattanooga has fourteen diamonds imbedded in it, and many of the gifts which he received from monarchs are of gold set with diamonds.

One of the medals which are in the collection contains \$600 worth of gold and is as large around as the bottom of a tin cup. The gold articles in the collection would fill a peck measure and many cities seem to have given Gen. Grant a gold box containing the papers in which their freedom as presented. The box which he received at Ayr, Scotland, is as large as a cigar box and is of solid gold. The city of Glasgow gave him a still larger one, beautifully chased, and the gold box which he received from the city of London is a marvel of artistic workmanship, bearing an engraving of the Capitol on one side and of the London Guild Hall on the other. Enameled on its golden surface are the union jack the red, white and blue, and the Goddess of Liberty shaking hands with the British lion.

There is a beautiful cigar-case of gold from the King of Siam, a model of the table on which Lee's surrender was signed in solid gold, and a solid gold invitation card as large as a postal card, and about four times as thick, which was sent to Gen. Grant in a solid silver envelope inviting him to a masked ball at San Francisco. There are a number of silver menus, a gold-handled knife, which the miners of Idaho gave him gold-headed canes set with diamonds, and medals and other articles of gold.

The owner of the Shelokot, which the Sultan gave to Mrs. S. S. Cox, is also kept in the National Museum. It is a star larger around than a trade dollar, which sparkles with more than 100 diamonds. These diamonds are set in gold on brown, gold and green enamel. The star has five points, and twenty-six diamonds on each point. It has a beautiful ribbon fast connected with it, and was given to Mrs. Cox one night at the Sultan's palace, when she went there to dinner with her husband and ate Turkish viands served up by a French cook on gold plates. After the dinner was over the Sultan presented this insignia. She thought, I am told, that she was to have it forever, but it seems that his Majesty only lends presents for life, and when she dies it is to be returned to him. The wife of Minister Straus was decorated with the same order, and she will have to return it in the distant future.

Uncle Sam has a vast collection of the jewels of savages. He has silverware made by the Indians of Arizona, carved ornaments from Alaska, and great bracelets and anklets of gold, silver and brass from India. One of the most curious necklaces in his collection is one of human fingers, which the men of some of the Indian tribes wear, and there is one made of sixty-seven human teeth, with holes pierced at their roots to string them.

The necklace is ten inches long and a number of the teeth evidently need filling. It came from Fiji islands, and was found there in 1840. Another necklace was made of human hair, into which the tusk of a walrus is woven. Another savage necklace is one of human and dog teeth combined, and there are necklaces of stone, of gold, silver, copper and brass, of all the shapes and sizes gathered from all parts of the world.

It is difficult to appreciate the size of the National Museum. It is growing more rapidly than Jonah's gourd, and it is now one of the best organized museums in the world. It surpasses any other in the line of Indian antiquities and matters connected with America, and vast additions from all parts of the world are received every year. Already the building which was constructed a few years ago for it is packed and bursting, and a new one will have to be built very soon.

We Can and Do.

Guarantee Dr. Acker's Blood Elixer, for it has been fully demonstrated to the people of this country that it is superior to all other preparations for the blood diseases. It is a positive cure for syphilitic poisoning, Ulcers, Eruptions and Pimples. It purifies the whole system and thoroughly builds up the constitution. Hillyard & Woods.

TAKE NOTICE.

IN THE FIELD AGAIN.

I have opened a New Stock of goods in first room east of the Bank, where I will at all times keep a First Class stock of all kinds of

CONFECTIONERIES,

As well as Canned Goods, Spices, Pickles, Cigars and Tobacco and in connection will run a FIRST-CLASS

BAKERY & RESTAURANT,

Where I will at all times try to have something on hand to cat to please the taste of the most fastidious. FRESH OYSTERS served in any style. Everything

NEW, NICE AND CLEAN.

Thanking the good people of Crittenden and adjoining counties for their liberal patronage in days past, I hope by honest dealings and kind treatment to merit a continuance of the same. When in town don't fail to call and see the Old Man.

A. M. HEARIN.

To Save

Money Buy Your

BOOTS & SHOES,

And Gents Furnishing Goods at

HEADQUARTERS.

I have the largest stock, the greatest variety, and lowest prices. If you need fine or coarse Boots or Shoes for yourself or your wife, or your children, come and see my

Superior Goods.

They will wear well. They are comfortable. They are cheap. I also keep a large line of GENTS' SHIRTS, COLLARS, CRAVATS, HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, ETC. Come and get my prices.

H. T. FLANARY & SONS,

MARION, KY.

DO YOU WANT

A SAW MILL, AN ENGINE, AGRIST MILL, A THRASHER, A WIND MILL, A PUMP, A BAND MILL,

Or anything else in the way of machinery or machine fittings, pumps, etc., etc., be sure to call first on

L. S. LEFFEL & CO.,


Marion, Ky.

A REAL LUXURY!

Looking out over the many homes of this country, we see thousands of women wearing away their lives in household drudgery that might be materially lessened by the use of a few cakes of SAPOLIO. If an hour is saved each time a cake is used, if one less wrinkle gathers upon the face because the toil is lightened, she must be a foolish woman who would hesitate to make the experiment, and lie a churlish husband who would grudge the few cents which it costs.

If your grocer sends you anything in place of SAPOLIO, send it back and insist upon having just what you ordered. SAPOLIO always gives satisfaction. On floors, tables, and painted work it acts like a charm. For scouring pots, pans, and metals it has no equal. Everything shines after it, and even the children delight in using it in their attempts to help around the house.

Let grocers often substitute cheap goods for SAPOLIO to make a better profit. Send back such articles and insist on having just what you ordered.



WHY DO YOU COUGH?

Do you know that a little cough is a dangerous thing? Are you aware that it often fastens on the lungs and far too often runs into Consumption and ends in Death? People suffering from Asthma, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Consumption will all tell you that

"IT STARTED WITH A COLD."

Can you afford to neglect it? Can you trifle with so serious a matter? Are you aware that

DR. ACKER'S ENGLISH REMEDY

for Coughs, Colds and Consumption is beyond question the greatest of all Modern Remedies? It will stop a Cough in one night. It will check a Cold in a day. It will prevent Croup, relieve Asthma and cure Consumption if taken in time. "You can't afford to be without it." A 3-cent bottle may save you \$100 in Doctor's bills—may save your life! Ask your druggist for it, or write to W. H. HOOKER & CO., 44 West Broadway, New York, for look.

The Crittenden Press

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

We are authorized to announce S. G. CLARK, to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. R. SUMMERS, to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILOR.

To the voters of Crittenden county.

Having been appointed by the County Judge as Jailer until the next regular election to fill the vacancy caused by the death of W. I. Cook I am now a candidate for the office of said election subject to the action of the Republican party. Since my appointment I have tried to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and if elected promise a continuance of the same earnest effort to do so. Your support will be gratefully appreciated.

Joseph W. Adams,

United States Treasurer Houston has resigned.

Thousands of mourners are leaving Utah for Mexico.

Senator Hurst from California, died in Washington Saturday.

Senator Voorhees, has gone to Hot Springs to regain lost health.

Senator Blair has been appointed by the President to the Chinese Mission.

United States troops are in the Cherokee Strip with orders to keep settlers off.

The increase of the public debt during the month of February was \$2,994,750.

At noon Wednesday Congress adjourned. The best thing done during the session.

Senator Manderson has been chosen temporary president of the Senate in place of Senator Hughes.

No quorum in the Constitutional Convention Monday. These occurrences are the ugliest features of the Convention.

Mrs. John A. Logan has written a letter to the Republicans of the Illinois Legislature urging them to stand firmly for a man of their own party for United States Senator.

It is estimated that the Congress just adjourned spent \$200,000,000 more than any other Congress that has ever yet assembled at Washington.

A joint resolution appropriating \$1,000,000 for improving the Mississippi river between the head of the passes and the mouth of the Ohio, was passed by Congress.

The official count of Kentucky's population gives the State 1,558,635 inhabitants, divided up as follows: 1,555,526 whites; 272,951 colored; 98 Indians, 29 Chinese, 1 Japanese.

Last week President Harrison appointed Jim Hill colored, post master at Vicksburg, Mississippi. The two Senators from that State say that the appointment is an insult to the people as Hill is neither a resident nor a taxpayer.

The Board of the National Council of Woman at Washington passed a few business like resolutions. They resolved that women be admitted to the General Conferences of the Methodist church, that efficiency, not sex, should be considered in the Government service; that woman shall wear business costumes; that American forbid the use of the plumage on singing birds upon their toilet.

Shot and Killed.

Barboursville, Ky., March 1.—The people of this community were greatly excited this morning when it was reported that a deadly double tragedy had been enacted at Gray's, a small station in this county, on the C. V. branch of the E. and N. railroad. The men concerned in the difficulty are rather desperate characters, and were thinking when the trouble arose. The facts, though rather meagre, are about as follows: Some time ago Abner Mitchell and John Woods, residence of Gray's, had some misunderstanding, which they failed to settle until yesterday afternoon, when they met again. On this occasion Woods was accompanied by his friend John Ingle. The quarrel was renewed when Mitchell drew a deadly looking knife and began cutting at Woods. One cut was across his neck reaching to the depth of the right carotid artery, which it severed. Ingle, seeing that his friend was overcome by his antagonist, drew his revolver and began firing. One shot passed clean through Mitchell's body, going from right to left through his abdomen. Both men are reported dead.

THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

Wherein Those Portious Completed Differ From The Old One.

The recognition of God in the preamble.

The prohibition of Legislature's exempting any property from taxation.

The making of every grant, charter or franchise subject to revocation.

Providing for the descent of property of suicides.

The forbidding of slavery or involuntary servitude, except for crime.

The prohibition of all forms of lottery.

Providing for the maintenance of a State militia.

The disfranchisement and forfeiture of office provided for bribing voters.

Requiring a registration of voters in all cities and town of over five thousand inhabitants.

The clause requiring all popular elections to be by secret ballot.

That making a matter of record the votes of all persons in a representative capacity.

Limiting to one a year all elections of every kind and character.

The fixing of November for the one annual election.

The future of the charter of any corporation whose officer or employee shall in any way attempt to influence an election.

The making of the bribery laws to apply in primary elections and party conventions.

A Legislative provision regulating the sale of liquors on election days.

Making the office of Secretary of State elective instead of appointive.

Change of the minimum eligible age for Governor from thirty-five to thirty years.

The clause requiring the Governors to file papers and reasons for pardons, reprieves, etc., open to public inspection.

Making the office of Commissioner of Agriculture elective instead of appointive.

Prohibiting the Governor from conveying the legislature in extra session except for one specific purpose.

The making of ministers eligible for the office of Governor.

The creation of President pro tempore of the Senate.

Giving the Governor ten days after the adjournment of the Legislature in which to sign or disapprove of bills.

Making the term of State Treasurer four instead of two years, and the incumbent ineligible for re-election.

Also making the Attorney-General, Commissioner of Agriculture, Register of the Land Office and Secretary of State ineligible for re-election.

Increasing the powers, privileges and duties of the Commissioner of Agriculture.

Providing for the abolishment of the Register of the Land Office.

Making all State offices payable by salary.

The division of all cities and towns into six distinct classes.

The limitation of taxes for cities and towns to a specified per cent according to class.

Limiting the public debt to be incurred by any city or town to a specified per cent, of their taxable property.

Prohibiting the granting of a special character to any city or town.

Making all cities and towns of the same class subject to the same provisions of a general law.

Making the term of office of all Mayors and Police Judges four years and of all members of legislative boards two years.

The taking from all Police Courts jurisdiction in civil cases.

The limiting of all city contracts to a period of not more than twenty years.

Making ineligible for Legislature or State officer or employer of a city or town.

Requiring the same penalty for violation of a municipal ordinance or law as provided for the same offense by general law.

Limiting new counties to an area of 400 miles, the lines to pass in no less than ten miles of any old county seat.

Requiring the cutting off or division of any county or counties to be submitted to a two-thirds vote of the counties affected.

The clause calling an open clause, but which is not an open clause.

That requiring a majority of one-fourth of all the voters in the State to call a Constitutional Convention.

Providing for the abolishment of the Superior Court.

Making one Supreme Court, to be known as the Court of Appeals, to consist of not less than five nor more than seven Judges.

Requiring all the Judges of the Court of Appeals to be elected from separate judicial districts.

Changing the term of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals from eight to four years.

The abolishment of all courts of common pleas or other courts of civil jurisdiction, except circuit and County courts.

Making a system of four Circuit Courts to take the place of all intermediate courts in the county of Jefferson, or any county of more than 150,000 inhabitants.

Limiting the minimum population of all Circuit Court districts to 60,000 inhabitants.

Requiring that three instead of two annual Circuit Court terms shall be held in each county.

The establishment of a commission in each county to take the place of the Court of Claims in the conducting of its financial affairs.

Limiting exemptions from taxation to places of worship and public buildings.

Requiring uniform municipal and State taxation on banks, as well as the property of cities, towns and corporations, public and private.

Prohibiting counties from voting any tax in aid of a railroad or other corporation excepting turnpikes and bridges.

Empowering the Legislature to provide for an income tax.

The reduction of the maximum limit of poll taxes to \$1.50 per capita.

Requiring all corporations in existence to file with the Secretary of State copies of their charters before they can have the benefit of future legislation.

Prohibiting any corporation from owning for a longer period than five years any real estate not actually necessary to the transaction of its business.

Requiring all corporation doing business in the state to have one or more places of business in the State, and an agent who can be reached by any process of law at any time.

Providing a heavy penalty for the giving to or receiving of a free railroad or free other transportation by any county or State official. Making a penalty of forfeiture of office for receiving a free pass by any Legislator, State, district or county officer or Judge.

Prohibiting the consolidation of any competing railroad or telegraph lines.

Making all charters and articles of incorporation subject to revocation by the General Assembly.

Louisville Times.

GREAT FLOODS.

Hundreds of Lives Lost in the Colorado Valley.

Puma, Ariz., March 1.—In this town over 250 houses are in ruins from the flood and 1,400 people are homeless, and not a single business house remains standing, and it is feared that hundreds of lives have been lost in the Gila Valley.

The telegraph wires are down in the valley, and as all bridges are gone and roads impassable, no reliable reports can be had from there. The river above town is seven miles wide, and below the town in places the water covers the country in one grand lake, over fifty miles across.

The railroad company will not have the blockade raised for west bound trains for four days, and it will be ten days or two weeks before they can get East. The town has provisions sufficient for eight more days, and the Southern Pacific Hotel is feeding a thousand people a day.

Reports from Jukuno, fifteen miles above here, are to the effect that the flood drove the people into the tree tops, and many becoming exhausted from cold and hunger, dropped into the water and were drowned. Reports from reliable sources put the loss of life in the valley anywhere from thirty up to 100.

Along the valley, for two hundred miles, everything is in desolation. Costly houses and barns have been washed away like playthings, while stock and fences have been carried by the flood, leaving the country as bare as a desert. Men, who, ten days ago, were wealthy, are now homeless and paupers.

Eighty miles south of here, were 5,000 Cocopah Indians live, the country is flooded for eighty miles square, and as there are no hills for refugees, it is reported that over one hundred of them have drowned.

The great valley of the Colorado is one vast sea of water as the eye can see in every direction. The river has fallen six feet six inches in thirty-six hours, and is now nearly at a standstill. The water is thick and threatens heavy rains. The losses in this county foot up to over \$2,000,000, of which the railroad company will suffer to the extent of \$250,000. Old Yuma will never be rebuilt. The town will go higher up the hills.

Blew His Brains Out.

Louis, Ky., Feb. 27.—A sixteen-year-old boy named Wright was killed at his home in Pike county last night by two of his younger brothers, aged twelve and fourteen years. They placed a gun against his head while he lay in bed asleep and literally blew his brains out.

The only reason assigned for the deed is that they were persuaded by an elder brother to commit the crime. They are all in custody.

Robertson & Jones, Jonesboro, Ark., write: "C. C. C. Certain Chill Cure gives universal satisfaction." Pleasant to take. No cure, no pay. Sold by Hillyard & Woods.

Fredonia.

J. Bell Kevil of Marion was in town last week.

Miss Sallie Green, of Lyon county is visiting in town.

Several from Dogwood attended church here Sunday night.

W. O. Hayden and Charley Parker of Salem were in town last week.

The prospect is flattering for a wheat crop in this section.

Charley Young of New Bethel attended church here Sunday night.

The kind of tobacco to raise for profit is the topic of conversation.

There are some boys here that ought to be made behave better in church.

Miss Laura Saterfield of Cloverport has been visiting friends here for the past week or two.

M. G. Kirkpatrick of Mullen Tex. is visiting his parents Dr. W. D. Kirkpatrick and wife.

There is a good opening here for a first-class shoe maker and also a good location for a hotel.

H. C. Parr and James Parr are doing an immense business in the grocery and queensware line in South Fredonia.

Jacobs & Deboe are on hand in the old town and can supply you with groceries, queensware, glassware, plow gear etc.

There is talk of a large flouring roller mill being erected near the depot between this time and wheat harvest. Let it, come.

Mrs. Jennie Hughes of Bethlehem was visiting her sister Mrs. Georgia Wyatt last Saturday and attended church here Sunday.

Prayer meeting every Wednesday night; singing Friday nights before first and third Sundays. Meetings for Bible study every Tuesday night.

Sunday School is increasing in members and interest. There are several others in and around town who would be gladly welcomed by the school.

Misses Grace and Nora Bugg are in Louisville for a month's stay learning the millinery business more thoroughly and selecting their spring stock of goods.

The last few days have been very cold and disagreeable after 2 or 3 weeks warm weather. More rain this winter than for several years in this part of the State.

There will be a Missionary Society organized here Saturday before the 3rd Sunday in this month by the Ladies. All the ladies in the community are invited to attend.

Ferguson & Maxwell are having an extensive trade in the hardware, saddlery and seed line. If you want seed oats M. B. Lowry can supply you. He has several hundred bushels that he will sell at reasonable rates.

A large crowd of farmers in town on Monday at mill and trading at the hardware stores and Schwabs man from Marion was after eggs and furs. E. R. Martin was on hand with his muskrat hide. He killed the rat in the pond, the third shot with a rifle. It was a very large one, the rat, not the gun.

Carrsville.

We are almost surrounded by water.

Health is good, here, excepting that horrible terror, la grippe, which is making many of our good people sigh for relief.

Mr. Dave Barnes, the bachelor merchant of Carrsville, is an inveterate smoker. He buys his cigars one at a time across the street.

Carrsville has a free ferry across the backwater. Every person come to town that wants to, the water will not be in their way.

Mrs. Lowry has gone to Louisville to attend the examination at the Medical College where her husband is expecting to graduate as M. D.

Last Saturday night R. Crocker and W. R. King were the victims of a lung truster. The boys got them to blow in a tube to test their lungs, which was charged with flour. The disappointed men blew with all their might and the result was, their eyes were filled with flour.

Captain Gilbert and family will leave this week for Carlisle county where they expect to make their home. Our best wishes go with them for success and contentment, for that seems to be the noblest aspiration of every man, and the bright jewel that adorn so few people.

Mr. Ollie Barnes, of this place bade his parents and many friends good bye two weeks ago, to make his home in Panhandle, Texas. But don't grieve friends, for Ollie is back again. When he got out into the wilds of Texas, he knew how to appreciate home on the hill, and after staying two days, he turned his face for Carrsville.

Tom.

Can't Sleep Nights.

Is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs etc. Did you ever try Dr. Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all lung troubles. Sold on a positive guarantee at 25c and 50c, by Hillyard & Woods.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Mar. 2.—If an extra session is to be avoided Congress will have to crowd more business into these three last days than it has ever done before, for everything is in a very much mixed and backward condition at this writing, and it would certainly cause no surprise here should several of the regular appropriation bills fail to get through.

The Shipping bill, in which the lobby was mostly interested, the one granting a tonnage subsidy to all American vessels engaged in trade with foreign countries was defeated in the House, and the least objectionable bill, that authorizing the granting of subsidies to steam vessels, in the guise of payments for carrying United States mail was passed, with an amendment reducing the amount to be so paid. In principle one of these bills is just as objectionable as the other, but I call the one that passed the least objectionable, because it will require a great deal less money—nobody could tell how much the other one would have taken had it become a law.

Mr. Harrison now has a whack at the Direct Tax bill that Mr. Cleveland vetoed, the Senate having agreed to the House amendment. It is said to say that he will not follow the example of Mr. Cleveland in that respect.

A bill allowing an annual pension of \$2,500 to the widow of Admiral Porter is also in Mr. Harrison's hands.

Once more U. S. Treasurer Huston has resigned, and this time it is for keeps. He refuses to be interviewed, but his close personal friends do not hesitate to say that it is Mr. Huston's intention to return to Indiana and put in the biggest ticks in his political blacksmith shop against Mr. Benjamin Harrison, who, by refusing to make him Secretary of the Treasury, furnished the last straw which broke the camel's back, which had been for some time strained to its utmost because of social slights.

Mr. Harrison figures now on counteracting Mr. Huston's opposition by the support of Mr. J. A. Leveck, ex-State Treasurer of Indiana, (a Gresham man) who will be his successor as Treasurer.

Senator elect Kyle, of South Dakota, is a daily visitor at the Capitol. He says that on question of tariff and finance he will act with the democrats; but that does not prevent the republicans trying to win him over by attentions and "miff." Time only will tell what sort of a man he is.

This is to certify that I have been using Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment for salt rheum, and find it all you recommend it to be. In fact it is the best I ever used. James McGarvin, Albion, Idaho Ter. For sale by J. H. & B. Woods.

LOOK AT A FEW PRICES FOR THIS MONTH.

M. SCHWAB.

Clover seed from \$4.50 to \$5.00 for best re-cleaned sowing guaranteed.

Timothy seed \$1.65

Red top, in sack lots, 50

Sugar, open kettle N. O. for \$1.00

15lb.

Granulated \$1.00 134lbs

Light C " 16lbs

White " 14lbs

8 brooms for 25c

3lb can tomatoes 10c

Corn canned 10c

Sardines 10c

Candy, per lb, 15c

Cups & saucers, per set 25c

Plates, per set 25c

Fine Goblets, per set, 25c

A very good flour, per bbl \$5.00

Best flour 5.75

Complete meal 25c

New N. O. molasses 25c

Best coal oil 15c

Nails, per lb 25c

Spoons, per set, 5c

Dandy set knives and forks 60c

Looking glass 25c

Lanterns cheaper than anybody.

Tube cheaper than anyone.

Stoneware 9c

Oats 55 cts in 10 bu. lots, or more; 60 cts, in smaller quantities.

Fredonia flour, patent, 75 cts. per 25 lb. bag; excelsior, 70 cts.

Our celebrated Princeton patent flour always kept on hand, and also a No. 1 Princeton flour straight grade, \$5.00 per bbl.

Next week, I will add an immense stock of furniture which will be sold lower than ever before.

I will sell your Early Rose potatoes 10 per cent. cheaper than anyone in town.

4 qt. bucket 10

6 " " 15

8 " " 25

Tea spoons per set 25

Table " " 10

Dish pans from 20 to 50

Tubs from 55 to \$1.00

Cash for produce.

Look out for big stock of

FURNITURE.

M. SCHWAB,

BOTTOM DROPPED OUT

WE ARE SLAUGHTERING THE PRICE OF

THE COMING PLOW OF THE AGE.



The Vulcan Chilled Plow.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!!!

Read, Carefully, TEN GOOD POINTS of the Vulcan Chilled Plow:

FIRST.—The VULCAN is made of the ORIGINAL AND GENUINE, Chilled Metal.

SECOND.—The iron used in chilled parts is first quality Lake Superior Charcoal.

THIRD.—We give you a good solid point—no "scooping out" or "shaving off" to save iron.

FOURTH.—We give you a solid mouldboard—no thick edges with "scooped out" back to save iron.

FIFTH.—The VULCAN mouldboard is reinforced on the back by RUBS and will stand double the strain of any other chilled mouldboard.

SIXTH.—Our mouldboards, being made of the best grade of iron and chilled by the most successful process

Clothing

SHOES

Clothing

SHOES

We have just received an Immense Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Dry Goods. We also have a Complete stock of Ladies and Gents Hats, Furnishing Goods, Groceries, Furniture, Coffins, etc. Our prices are always the Lowest. We have purchased a larger stock than ever before and

Will Guarantee You Prices Lower than any other Place in the County

We earnestly beg you to call and examine our stock.
TOLU, KY.

Yours Truly,

CLEMENT & CROFT.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES

Sam Gugenheim has the biggest stock of Clothing in the country and sells them cheaper than anybody.

Fresh Mackerel at Schwab's.
Buy your furniture at Bennett's.
Best brown domestic 5¢ and 6¢ at Mrs. Wolff's.

All kinds of furniture at bottom prices at Bennett's.
A good ox team wanted—M. Schwab.

Country lard, and country bacon 7¢ cts. at Schwab's.
Who keeps the best grade of groceries in town? Hays.

Don't miss Gibbs & Gilbert's bargains next Monday.
Who is it that wants to sell a full blood mail hog cheap? Hays.

Don't be kidnaped by other big yards, but see Hays' prices and goods before you buy.
You had better see Schwab's seeds and get his prices before buying.

Who is it that will send you every ounce you buy? Hays.
Who is head quarters for provisions, staple and fancy groceries? Hays.

Stop right now and read Gibbs & Gilbert's little ad, found on this page.
Who is it that so earnestly watches the interests of his customer? Hays.

You know I have saved you money on seeds, and will do so again—Schwab.
The best coffee ever brought to this market 4¢ lbs. for \$1.00—Schwab.

Who keeps evaporated apricots, apples, peaches, Prunes, Plums and pears? Hays.
Mrs. Wolff is still giving away a present with every five dollars worth of goods bought.

If you need a bureau, a bedstead, a lounge, a safe, a mattress, a table, or chairs, bear in mind that Bennett has them at the lowest prices.
With every five dollars worth of goods bought, I will give away a present.

Mrs. A. Wolff.
Dry Goods at prices which cannot be duplicated at Sam Gugenheim's.

READ AND LIVE.
Money to our Customers.

As next Monday is county court day, Gibbs & Gilbert will give a premium to every man and woman that will call at their grocery on the above day and ask for prices on groceries. Call and thereby make money. Remember the "Corer Grocery."

I have too much stock and will sell for 30 days cheaper than ever before. I am what I say. I am cheap and you will find this no boast. I need money and I have it, if you need any groceries or provision, take advantage of this offer.
M. Schwab.

What does this mean, why it means this and nothing more that you can get sewing done by Mrs. Miles, so cheap and neat that it will pay you to send for her. Do you know I not only sew cheap but I do all the going after work, and all you have to do is to let me know about your sewing and I will sure come for it. No more waiting from week to week to get work done.
Mrs. Miles.

No ice-season.
The jail has two occupants.
There is no cessation of the mud.
The meeting is still progressing.
Jas. Hodge will move to Marion shortly.

Male buyer will be in town next Monday.
A number of new students in the Academy.

John Worley has been granted a pension.
R. M. Allen is attending the Academy.

Five flourishing Sunday schools has Marion.
J. M. Horning returned to Arkansas last week.

Tom Butler is at Eddyville working with the well drill.
A J. Dickens will build another residence in Marion.

The K. P.'s had five petitions for membership Friday night.
Mrs. Salhe Planary, of Fords Ferry, is visiting friends in Marion.

Mr. Moore, of Caldwell county, enrolled at the Academy Monday.
Mr. L. H. James is attending circuit court at Morganfield this week.

The ladies of the various churches hold prayer meeting every afternoon.
Cort J. Pierce has been confined to his room with rheumatism several days.

The city council is not a Methodist institution, but it holds quarterly meetings.
Mr. Richard Bebout, of Sheridan, was very sick Saturday. He is troubled with heart disease.

Mr. R. B. Dorr is connected with the new furniture house, now opening a stock of furniture in Marion.
Will Taylor who was shot by Deboe has no intention of dying from the wounds. He is up and at work.

J. G. Rochester will move to his mother's farm. He will continue the practice of law; office at same place as heretofore.
R. M. Moore is not exceedingly well pleased with that portion of the wild and woolly west in which he is now taking his meals.

The mention of Hon. Jno. W. Blue's name in connection with the State Senatorship has revealed the fact that he has many warm friends who desire him to offer for the office.
Eld. W. R. Gibbs has been again called to Caldwell Spring church, and will preach there this year. He will preach at Oakland Saturday night before the third Sunday of this month.

The candidates for the Legislature will address the people at this place next Monday. The race for the nomination is made up. Clark and Summers will be the only contestants. Both are staunch Democrats, both farmers.

At the church session of the C. P. church of this place Saturday, Mr. W. A. Adams was appointed delegate to the spring session of Princeton Presbytery which convenes at Flatrock next month. John Lamb was chosen alternate.

Mrs. Annie Lenon swept a powder and lead cartridge into the fire a few days since; an explosion followed and a piece of the cartridge struck her in the eye, making a painful wound, and may destroy the sight of her eye.
Duke Hill was called home from Greenville by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his brother.

A protracted rain.
Jim Hodes' sale to-morrow.
Our side walks are not beauties.
Edgar James spent Tuesday in Marion.

Gass Summerville will move to Marion.
R. M. Wilborn went to Louisville Saturday.

Frank Newcomb has gone to Lebanon, O., to attend Normal School.
W. M. Stout has purchased the Jas. Fowler farm and will move to it.

When our timbers are gone, the minerals will come in. No room for discouragement.
Crittenden Post G. A. R. has rented the room over the postoffice for their regular meetings.

Think about how good the roads will be next summer and don't worry about their present condition.
Dr. S. D. Swope has purchased J. G. Rochester's handsome little residence on Salem street.

Mrs. Calvin Towry, of Caldwell county, is the guest of Mrs. W. M. Ridd.
J. W. Wallace has applied for a patent on his triple shovel. Al Witherspoon is his partner.

Tom Clement, col., mention of whose wife's death we made last week, died last Thursday.
Blue & Blue have moved their law office into the brick building recently occupied by the bank.

County Court Notes.
A. F. Griffith allowed \$5.20 for lumber for courthouse yard.
Sarah M. Clark qualified as guardian for Robt. Jarrells.

Wm. Manard was before Judge Moore for carrying a pistol. He is paying the \$30 fine in jail.
One Simmons was before the court Monday charged with shooting stock and he was fined \$5.

Mr. H. Allen, a Louisville man with enterprise and an eye and ear for good things, spent some days last week looking over the mineral lands of Crittenden and studying the general topographical outlines of a portion of the county. He was very favorably impressed with the situation, and some new enterprises may grow out of his visit. Rome was not built in a day, neither is this county susceptible of development in a day, but after much labor, we verily believe that it will go to the front as nature God intended when He laid latent wealth to encourage man to follow industrious pursuits, and stored away blessing with which to crown his efforts.

To Visit Salem.
The Marion Comedy Co., will visit Salem, Ky., Saturday, March 14th, with one of the funniest and most laughable comedies ever played in that little city entitled The Danger Signal. Don't fail to see this attraction.

Misses Nettie Moore and Bessie Carnahan paid this office a pleasant call Monday. Call again.

Hawkers and Peddlers.
What ear-splitting cries we hear daily in the streets of every large city! But these itinerant dealers who hawk their wares about are, when under proper restrictions, a useful portion of the community, and not such nuisances as the catarrh hawkers. This is a stubborn disease to conquer, but Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy does it. It is mild, soothing and antiseptic, unlike snuffs that irritate, or solutions that burn. It corrects offensive breath, and restores taste, smell and hearing. Nasal catarrh often ends in consumption. Apply the only cure in time. Price 50 cents, by all druggists.

We always lead in clothing for men and boys. Sam Gugenheim.

Sheriff Cruce is just learning the beauties of his office. He got a "cussin'" for levying on some property to satisfy an execution placed in his hands for collections. "Cussings or no cussings, I propose to come up to the mark of responsibility placed on me by the people when they elected me to discharge the duties of the office," is what he had to say about it.

Assignment.

Monday Mr. G. E. Caldwell, a South Fredonia dry goods merchant made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. Mr. P. S. Maxwell, of this place, is the assignee. The liabilities are estimated at \$25,000, assets about \$1500.

Long Association.
The building and loan association at this place has placed 172 shares of stock—shares being \$100 each. Each stock holder pays 60 cents per share the last Saturday of each month, thus \$103.20 are paid in each month; a \$500 loan has already been placed, a \$1500 loan has been arranged for, and other small borrowers have applied and will be accommodated in due time.

In a Position to Know.
Capt. Sam S. Brown, the Pittsburg millionaire, who was in Henderson Monday, said in a conversation with a gentleman of this city regarding the statements made by the Evansville papers that the Ohio Valley Railway had been sold to the C. & O. R. R. Co., was without truth: "I own," said he, "five-eighths of the stock, and if there has been any sale I know nothing of it."—Henderson Journal.

Needs Recorded.
Thos Wright to W P Maxwell 70 acres for \$500.
J W Martin to L A Weldon, two lots in Tolu, for \$250.
Wm Taylor to Mary E Hodge 250 acres for \$1,000.
M E Hodge to Wm Stout, 245 acres for \$1,500.
D J Brown to E E Brown 70 acres for \$150.

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New School Houses.

School Superintendent Deboe is very properly stirring up some of the school districts on the question of decent and comfortable school-houses. He has decided upon new houses at Shady Grove, Lamb's school house, Glendale, and Dry Fork. Others will be condemned, and in the next twelve months the little old stunted, uncomfortable unhealthy log cabins in some districts will have to give away to comfortable, commodious cheerful houses; worthy of the great work to be accomplished in them. There is not a district in the county so poor that it cannot afford to furnish a house worthy of the name, when the State is paying the salary of the teachers; of course there is no need of extravagance and there will be none, but the people owe it to themselves, and their children to show an appreciation of educational matters sufficient to provide comfortable houses. Good school houses are as necessary as good residences, and the men and women in a district can do no better work nor erect no better monument to their good sense than a house where the cheery little faces that most soon be wrinkled in the battle of life can be comfortable while preparing for that great strife. Don't be niggard in these matters, remember the State comes and with the money in her hands says: "I pay for giving your children a good English education, if you will provide a house!" Our present Superintendent proposes to make a long stride forward in this respect; uphold and assist him; your own conscience, and the blessings of the rising generation will more than reward you for the trouble and expense.

The Thomas Trial.
Morganfield, Ky., Mar 3.—The trial of R Y Thomas, Jr, for killing Elmore at Caseyville two years ago is now occupying the time of circuit court at this place. Four jurors were secured out of the regular panel and the sheriff has orders to have fifty men before the court tomorrow from which to select the other eight. Thomas is represented by as able counsel as ever handled a case in Western Kentucky. Crowell Adair and H. X. Morton of this place, Walker of Hartford, John S Ray, of Russellville, L H James, of Marion W H Yost, of Greenville, are his lawyers; the progress and result of the trial will be watched with great interest.

Toll Letter List.
Joe Armstrong, Bell Bateman, Mrs. Mary Barnes, Gilly Belt, W. Champion, George Hudgins, Mrs. Temp Hardesty, Mrs. Martha Hardesty, Albert O. Keiser, Mrs. Lou Mills, Miss Cora Martin, T. C. Moore, Nute Stallions, Henry Tolly, Willie N. Tolly, M. J. W. F. Traut, M. D. Thrift, M. D. W. D. Weight, Mrs. Elizabeth White.

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say advertised.
T. A. McAmis, P. M.

Letter List.
George W Armes, William Brown Mr. P H Brennan, Mrs Sarah J Carrick G W Elliott, John Granstaff Mr W A Harrison, James H Long Miss Belle Long, Miss Alice Marshall, Miss Sue Moore, John Palmer J L Rodgers, James Read E L Spicer, Joseph Samuels, Rev. J J Smith, Rev B C Solbert, Miss Lizzie Saylor, Sam'l True, Mrs Mary R. Williams and James Write.

If the above letters are not called for within 30 days they will be sent to the dead letter office.
R. Colfield P. M., Marion, Ky., Mar 1 1891.

A Duty to yourself.
It is surprising that people will use a common ordinary pill when they can secure a valuable English one for the same money. Dr. Ackers' English pills are a positive cure for sick headaches and all liver troubles. They are small, sweet, easily taken and do not gripe. For sale by Lillyard & Woods.

A NEW MERCHANT

A Word With you a bout Trade.

I have a large, well assorted, and cheaply purchased stock of General Merchandise, viz: Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Furniture, Groceries, etc., and I will sell at the very closest living margin. I will treat you fairly, sell you goods at the bottom prices, and will appreciate your trade. When in need of any article, see my goods, get my prices.
Respectfully Yours,
J. H. Rutter, Salem, Ky.

THE CANVASS OPENS.

Messrs. Summers and Clark make a List of Appointments.

J. R. Summers and S. G. Clark, candidates for the Legislature will address the people of the district at the following times and places:

Marion, Monday, March 9
Shady Grove, Wednesday " 11
Moore's store, Thursday, " 12
Fords Ferry, Friday, " 13
Tolu, Saturday, " 14
Lola, Monday, " 16
Carraville, Tuesday, " 17
Hampton, Wednesday, " 18
Birdsville, Thursday, " 19
Salem, Friday, " 20
Prestonsburg, Saturday, " 21
Smithland, Sunday, April 6
Paradise Church, Tuesday " 7
Speaking at 2 p. m. Other candidates, if any, invited to attend.

What's the use of feeling languid, Mopey, dull and blue? Cleanse the blood and give it vigor: Make the old man new. How? I'll tell you. To the drug store. Go this very day—Buy a medicine to banish All your ills away—And that medicine is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the very best blood purifier on earth. It builds up and strengthens the system because it cleanses the blood, and that's what the system must have to be strong and healthy. There's nothing that equals it. Absolutely sold on trial! Your money back, if it doesn't benefit or cure you.

Levin's.
This is a little village of forty six inhabitants, situated near the Marion and Salem roads, seven miles from Marion. This little town has two dry goods stores, a mill and a blacksmith shop.

L. L. Price is the boss merchant, keeps a full stock of merchandise, and sells at rock bottom prices. He counts out the eggs, weighs out the coffee and hands out the mail. He is a christian, gentleman and has a kind word for everybody.

Dr. J. L. Pans has been on the sick list for several days, but he was glad to report is able to ride again. He is a good doctor and has a large practice.

Mrs. Mary Franklin, wife of the lamented W. H. Franklin is a business woman and passes many of the amiable traits of character which go to make her a power in the land for good.

Rev S A Childress is very sick at Lola. But little hope of his recovery. Christian readers have his prayer for the recovery of this man of God? If not want you? The world needs him.

Wheat looks well.
Hogs are dying.
Not many plant beds burnt yet, Ell. J. S. Henry, our pastor, preaches for us once a month. Hard times seem to effect the churches as well as everything else. Union church numbers about two hundred and sixty members; if that number would only live up to their christian privileges what a blessing it would be.

The Crittenden Press has a large following at this office, and this would be a good time for all who are in arrears to pay up, and those who do not take it to subscribe now, so here goes for one.

G. S. S.

Tornado Insurance.

Question.—Have you a Policy of Insurance on your Property against Loss or Damage caused by TORMADOES, CYCLONES, or WIND STORMS?

These terrific storms, which of late years have been encountered in every section of the country, seem to follow no law which can be definitely determined, even by scientists, and No Season or Locality is Exempt From Them.

The sections that are spared to-day from their wrathful visitation may be the scenes of great destruction to-morrow. It is, therefore, the part of wisdom for all to secure themselves as much as possible from loss resulting these causes. The old

PHENIX, of Hartford,

though any of its Commercial, Rural, Village or Farm Agencies, is now prepared to grant Insurance against Loss or Damage by Tornadoes, Cyclones or Wind Storms, at rates of premium.

ALWAYS INSURE IN THE PHOENIX
It has DOUBLE THE AMOUNT OF CAPITAL of any other tornado insurance company doing business at Marion.

J. H. MORSE,
RESIDENT AGENT,
MARION, KY.

All kinds of policies written at lowest rates.
OFFICE: BRICK HOUSE COURTHOUSE YARD.

Snake-bite in the House!
"I'm weary with work!" the good wife sighed;
"But after all," she said,
"It's sweet to labor for those we love—
No wonder that maids will wed."
A wife housewife lightens her toil and gladdens the home circle by her cheerfulness. But health is the first requisite, and her just prerogative. Health follows the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which repairs the ravages caused by those peculiar diseases which afflict womankind. It enriches the blood, cures the cough, increases the flesh, prevents hysteria, nervousness and low spirits, and is a veritable fountain of health to women, young and old. Satisfaction, or the price (1.00) refunded. Of druggists.

Persons troubled with rheumatism should read the following from Mrs. N. M. Peters, of East Des Moines, Iowa. She says: "I suffered with rheumatism the greater part of the time for nearly seven years. At times I was almost helpless. I doctored a great deal for it with rheumatics and tried electric bolts, patent medicines and almost everything that is recommended for rheumatism. Finally a neighbor advised me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm and was so sure it would help that I procured a bottle. It did help me, right from the start, but it took five 50c bottles to cure me, so you can guess how bad I was, as one or two bottles will cure any ordinary case." For sale by Lillyard & Woods.

Mules Wanted.
I will be in Marion Monday Mar. 9, to buy mules, will buy from 2 to 7 year-olds. Want nothing under 14 hands high. Will buy good coming 2 year-olds 14 hands.
J. W. Mercer.

Public Sale.
I will on Monday, March 9, at my residence in Marion, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, all of my household and kitchen furniture. I also desire to sell my half interest in the distillery at Lola, Ky.
Mrs. C. E. Kennedy.

Oats for Sale.
I have a lot of black seed oats for sale at 50 cents per bushel.
Mrs W. H. Rochester.

A CHILD KILLED.
Another child killed by the use of opiates given in the form of Soothing syrup. Why mothers give their children such deadly poison is surprising when they can relieve the child of its peculiar troubles by using Dr. Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no opium or morphine. Sold by Lillyard & Woods.

"C. C. C. Certain Chill Cure," the most pleasant to take of all fever and ague remedies. Warranted to cure chills and fever. Sold by Lillyard & Woods.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Hypertension, Nerve, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicists recommend it. All who suffer with the above troubles mark and secured red lines on wrapper.

